Application No.: 10/722,815 Docket No.: 30205/39509

AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION

Please amend paragraphs 0001, 0003-0009, 0011-0013, 0027 and 0030 as follows:

1. <u>Technical</u> Field of the Invention

[0001] The present invention relates to a method Methods of manufacturing a flash memory devices are disclosed, and more particularly, to a manufacturing method is disclosed that is capable of stabilizing a threshold voltage of a flash memory device which uses a high voltage.

Please amend paragraphs 0003 - 0009 as follows:

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION DISCLOSURE

[0003] The present invention is directed to a method Methods of manufacturing a flash memory device are capable of obtaining a uniform and stabilized doping profile for controlling a threshold voltage.

One aspect of the present invention is to provide a One disclosed method of manufacturing a flash memory device, comprising the steps of comprises: performing an ion implantation for controlling a threshold voltage on a semiconductor substrate; performing a spike annealing for controlling a doping concentration and a doping profile of an implanted dopant; forming a device isolation film for isolating an active area and a field area on the semiconductor substrate; forming a gate electrode in which a tunnel oxide film, a floating gate electrode, a dielectric film, and a control gate electrode are deposited on the active area; and performing an ion implantation for forming junctions on the semiconductor substrate in both sides of the gate electrode to form a DDD junction structure.

[0005] In the aforementioned of a method of manufacturing a flash memory device according to another embodiment of the present invention, the ion implantation for

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controlling a threshold voltage is performed by using a p-type dopant with an ion implantation energy of 5 KeV to 50 KeV and a dose of 1E11 ion/cm² to 1E13 ion/cm².

[0006] In the aforementioned of a method of manufacturing a flash memory device according to another embodiment of the present invention, BF₂ is used as the p-type dopant.

[0007] In the aforementioned of a method of manufacturing a flash memory device according to another embodiment of the present invention, the spike annealing is performed under NH₃, H₂, or N₂ atmosphere at a temperature in the range of 900°C to 1,100°C with a heating rate of 100°C /sec to 250°C /sec.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0008] The aforementioned aspects and other features of the present invention will be explained in the following description, taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, wherein:

[0009] Figs. 1A to 1D are cross-sectional views for explaining a <u>disclosed</u> method of manufacturing a flash memory device according to the present invention; and

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PRESENTLY PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[0011] The present invention disclosed methods will be described in detail by way of the a preferred embodiment with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which like reference numerals are used to identify the same or similar parts.

[0012] According to an embodiment of the present invention, the DDD junction is used as a junction for a high voltage NMOS in an X-decoder transistor or a cell transistor of an NAND flash device. This is because a high voltage is applied to a p-well area and a junction area of the aforementioned transistors. In order to increase a breakdown voltage in preparation for application of the high voltage, a post thermal treatment is performed by a

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BF₂ ion implantation and a spike annealing. This allows a flash memory device to be electrically stable due to decrease of concentration of the dopant remaining in the channel junction area.

[0013] Figs. 1A to 1D are cross-sectional views for explaining a <u>disclosed</u> method of manufacturing a flash memory device according to the present invention.

[0027] As described above, according to the present invention, it is possible to obtain a uniform doping profile for controlling a threshold voltage and stabilize it by the spike annealing after the ion implantation for controlling a threshold voltage.

[0030] Although the foregoing description has been made with reference to the preferred embodiments, it is to be understood that changes and modifications of the present invention to the disclosed methods may be made by the ordinary skilled in the art without departing from the spirit and scope of the present invention this disclosure and the appended claims.